

Phase 5
GEETA SATHAPATYA
Geeta Text Geometric formats

Phase 5.3
Sankhiya Yoga Discipline

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Phase 5
GEETA SATHAPATYA
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Phase 5.3
Sankhiya Yoga Discipline

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Abstract

Sankhiya Yoga Discipline is the second yoga Discipline of Geeta text. Sequentially here it begins the knowledge processing steps for transiting from Vishad विषादन्तमिदं *Vishadantmidam* mental state. Sankhiya Nishtha and Yoga Nishtha are two established processing paths (Geeta 3.3). Achievement of both paths is of equal reach values. The स्थानं *Sathanam* attained by Sankhiya is also reached by Yoga path (Geeta 5.5). Sankhiya Darshan and Yoga Darshan complement and supplement each other. Sribhagwan is Kapilmuni, the glimpser of Sankhiya Darshan (Geeta 10.26). Sankhiya Yoga Values Discipline Geeta Chapter 2 text five phased organization is of (i) Ath (seven syllables) (ii) Uvacha (seven) (iii) Shaloka (72) (iv) Pushpika (45 syllables) and (v) Yoga (Sankhiya Yoga) TCV $20 + 12 = 32$. The Sathapatya of the organization of the text is of ब्रह्मनिर्वाण *Braham Nirvan* / attainment reach (Geeta Shaloka 2.72) (TCV $28 + 29 = 57 = 3 \times 19$, 19 as TCV of मन (Maan / mind). TCV value 57 is parallel with TCV [(अर्जुन 19, शुद्ध (19), मन (Maan) 19)]. Arjunvishad Yoga is of TCV 55 and values pair (55, 57) is of the format of (55 as dimension, 57 as domain).

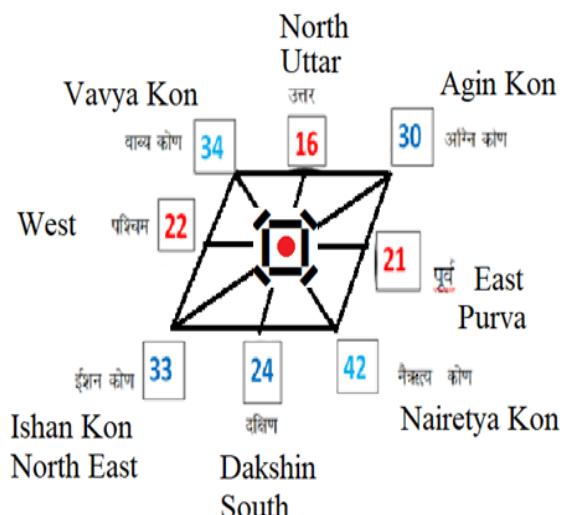
1. Sankhiya Yog formulation

Sankhiya Yog formulation is of TCV (सौख्य योग) $= 20 + 12 = 32$. Value 32 is of features (i) $32 = 2^5$, a set up of 5 spatial dimensions (ii) $32 = 4 \times 8$, fixation coordinates of solid boundary of eight components of Hyper cube 4 (iii) $32 =$ total number of weigh value 6 can be reached at by choices from numbers range (1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6) (iv) $32 = \text{TCV} (\text{एक}, \text{ द्वय}, \text{ त्रय}) = 8 + 16 + 8$.

The values pair (20, 12) is of interrelationship as that numbers range 1 to 12 is of factors 1 to 20. The Sathapatya of values pair 20, 12 is of features D_7 and $D_5 = 12$. It is parallel with seven space content flow from seven

space origin of 6-space and its flow as transcendental (5-space dimension) manifesting as boundary of 12 components of hyper cube 6.

The fourth fold of domain split spectra (1, 2, 5, 12, 29,----) is of value 12. First three Uvachas of Geeta chapter 2 text as of shalokas (1, 2, 5) is parallel with first three splits of domain spectra being (1, 2, 5). Further manifestation within 4-space of spatial order where opposite orientation get super imposed as $[(4 = 2 + 2 = 2 \times 2 = (-2) \times (-2))]$ and $2^4 = 4^2$. Value 12 makes a reflection pair with value 21. Value 21 is parallel with TCV (पूर्व / East). The transcendental content flow from orb (origin) of Sun (6-space) makes East of eight directional manifestation format. The number value 21 as numbers range 1 to 21 is of factors 1 to 39, parallel with TCV (सहेश्वर) / transcendental lord. The further organization features of chapter 2 text of Sankhiya Yoga are parallel with manifestation of transcendental content domain split spectra within eight directional frame :



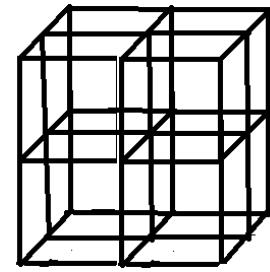
2. Transcendental (5-space) origin of 4-space

Full unit hyper cube 5 (3, 4, 5, 6) = 18, half unit hyper cube 5 (4, 4 ½, 5, 5 ½) = 19, together make value $18 + 19 = 37$ parallel with TCV 37 (श्रीभगवान् Sribhagwan / Lord Krishan). Formulation कृष्ण Krishan = 19 and numbers range 1 to 19 is of 18 gaps. The values range 1 to 19 + 18 gaps, together make a set up of value 37. Here it also will be relevant to take note that transcendental (5-space) content manifests within 4-space at its origin as of zero value state as

TCV (शून्य) / Sunya = zero.

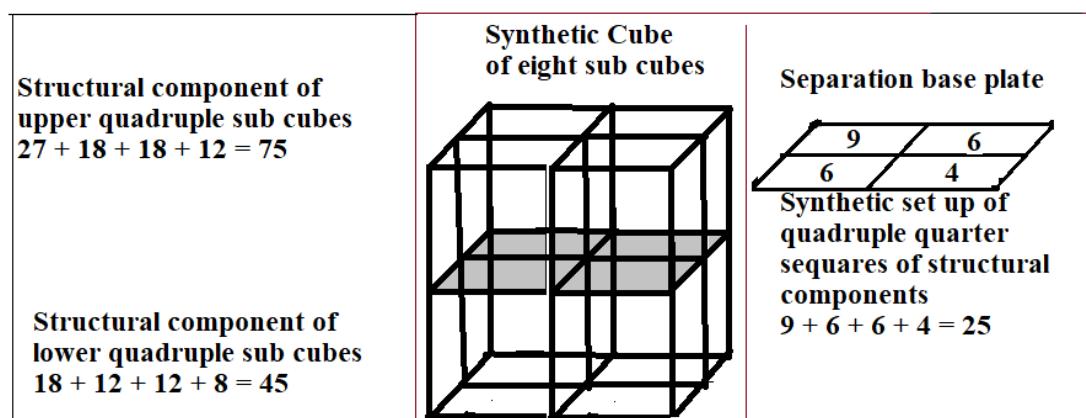
Value 19 parallel with TCV (!9) takes us to as many as 2^{18} formulations of TCV value 19. Formulation Madhya (मध्य) / middle is of TCV (19).

3-space manifests as 8 octants, parallel with it is the set up of cube as eight sub cubes. The horizontal central plate separates upper quadruple sub cubes from the lower quadruple sub cubes. Likewise vertical central plates separates quadruple eastern sub cubes from quadruple western sub cubes.

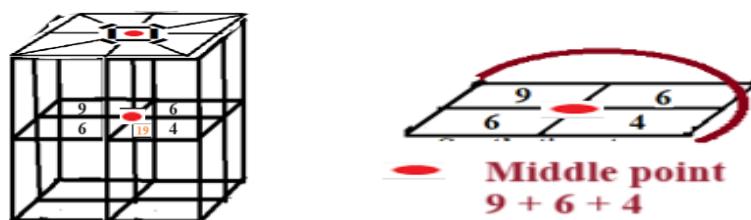


The upper quadruple sub cubes are of structural components (27, 18; 18, 12) of summation value 75 parallel with TCV of first Ganita Sutra text (एकाधिकेन पूर्वेण). The central plate is a synthetic set up of quadruple quarter square of structural components (9 + 6 + 4). It would be relevant to take note that the upper face of central plate and upper quadruple sub cubes are structurally coordinated as $(9 \times 3) = 27$, $6 \times 3 = 18$, $6 \times 3 = 18$, $4 \times 3 = 12$.

Likewise the second phase of central plate as a synthetic set up of $9 + 6 + 6 + 4$ is structurally coordinated with quadruple lower sub cubes as $(9 \times 2) = 18$, $6 \times 2 = 12$, $6 \times 2 = 12$, $4 \times 2 = 8$, which make the structural set up of lower quadruple sub cubes of set ups (18, 12; 12, 8).



The point where the inner most corner points of eight sub cubes meet is the middle (मध्य) point at the origin seat of the set up of cube.



The coordination of the middle point of the central plate with the eight directional frames at the upper surface of the cube makes the structural set up of the above features.

3. Formulation of TCV '19' and '17'

Formulations 'कृष्ण', both are of TCV '19' each. Here it would be relevant to take note that TCV 'कृष्ण' = 19 is the minimum reach dimensional fold value of H22 = (23, 22, 21, 20) 19. Meeting the maximum reach value of TCV (अर्जुन) = 19 is the minimum reach dimensional fold value of H17 = (15, 16, 17, 18) 19. Together make the set up of dimonad of value 38 = H10. And of split H10 = h5 + h5.

Here it would be relevant to take note that 22 = TCV (देह / body) and 17 = TCV (आत्मा / soul). It is this body soul unison phenomenon about whose enlightenment is the divine dialogue and values of Sankhiya Yoga.

It would be further be relevant to take note that values pair (19, 17) is of the format of (19 as domain and 17 as dimension). Further $19 + 17 = 36$ is parallel with TCV (अनुबन्ध)= TCV (प्रणवः)

| Double digit numbers | | | | |
|----------------------|----|----|----|----|
| 01 | 02 | 03 | 04 | 05 |
| 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 |
| 15 | 20 | 21 | 22 | 23 |
| 24 | 25 | 30 | 31 | 32 |
| 33 | 34 | 35 | 40 | 41 |
| 42 | 43 | 44 | 45 | 50 |
| 51 | 52 | 53 | 54 | 55 |
| 100 | | | | |

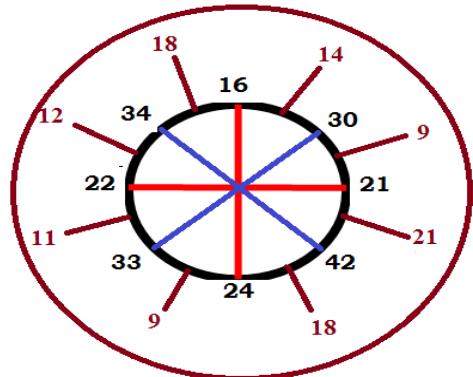
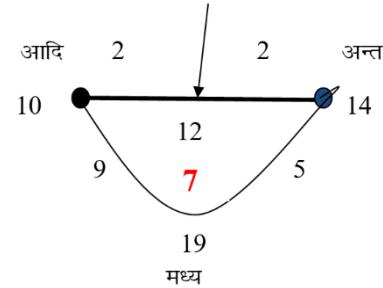
number value $36 = 6^2$ is the value of first triple digit number of six place value system. Total double digit numbers of 6 place values system are $5 \times 7 = 35$.

4. Affine Space and Dimensional Spaces

Triple (5, 6, 7) are the values of affine space while parallel dimensional spaces are 5-space, 6-space and 7-space.

A point in space and a point of a space are two different geometrical set ups. In affine space, the location of a point is not possible but the movement space is conceived as space content, the same gets dimensionalised and the relative positions of pair of points, as such, gets located in terms of their

relative positioning. However, the pair of points of space content may be of a straight line are of a curve, and the same may be depicted as under as a set up within a surface, which as spatial order (2-space) dimension of 4-space leading to Sathapatya of 4-space existence phenomenon and Devnagri words formulations as per the position and values of individual letters. The static and dynamic position of planets etc the TCV values and the formulations of equal TCV values like (TCV एक / one) = TCV (त्र्य / 3), in terms of which the transition from TCV (आकाश / space) = 8 x 1 to TCV (व्योम / Vyom) = 8 x 3 will help comprehend and to appreciate the way orbit and orbitals are manifesting and also the way eight directional frame sustaining its second phase eight directional frame as of values as :-



Outer circle summation value 112
Inner circle summation value 222

Both orientations for outer and inner circles of both phases of eight directional frame will be of values as under:-

| | | | | | | |
|---|------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| $\begin{array}{ccccccc} 12 & 18 & 14 & 09 & = & \textcolor{red}{53} \\ \textcolor{red}{102} & = & 22 & 34 & 16 & 30 & \\ \hline & & & & & & \end{array}$ | $102 + 53 = 155$ | | | | | |
| $\begin{array}{ccccccc} \textcolor{red}{120} & = & 33 & 24 & 42 & 21 & \\ & & 11 & 09 & 18 & 21 & = & \textcolor{red}{59} \quad \boxed{120 + 59 = 179} \end{array}$ | | | | | | |

It will be relevant to take note that there is 120 years cycle of 9 planets, parallel with Vedic periodic table of 120 elements of the format of boundary of 120 four space bodies of all the transcendental (5-space) boundary of twelve components of self referral (6-space) domain. And further as that there are 59 Uvachas parallel with the 59 units of state line transiting into 60 units of circumference.

Further 155 is parallel with 155 geometries of 77 space. The value 179 is parallel with 179 geometries of 89 space. Still further the value 77 is parallel with 77 geometries of 38 space. And value 89 is parallel with 89 geometries of 44 space. The value 38 is parallel with TCV (शुद्ध मन / pure mind) and value 44 is parallel with TCV (परम व्योम / transcendental space) to which the Sathapatya of Geeta is leading us to

5. Geeta Chapter 2 text with TCV values

Text with TCV values of word formulations of chapter 2 are tabulated hereunder for reach at the Sathapatya for to be parallel with bliss of knowledge and enlightenment by the Sadkas.

Shaloka 1

| SN | Word | TCV |
|-----------|-----------------------------------|------------|
| 1 | तं. | 17 |
| 2 | तथा | 14 |
| 3 | कृपयाविष्टमश्रुपूर्णाकुलेक्षणम् । | 112 |
| 4 | विषीदन्तमिदं | 66 |
| 5 | वाक्यमुवाच | 36 |
| 6 | मधुसूदनः | 58 |

Shaloka 2

| S N | Word | TC V |
|----------------|------------------------------------|-----------------|
| 1 | कुतस्त्वा | 25 |
| 2 | कश्मलमिदं | 47 |
| 3 | विषमे | 31 |
| 4 | समुपस्थितम | 48 |
| 5 | अनार्यजुष्टमस्वगर्यमकीर्तिकरमर्जुन | 121 |

Shaloka 3

| SN | Word | TCV |
|-----------|-------------------|------------|
| 1 | क्लैब्यं | 32 |
| 2 | मा | 11 |
| 3 | स्म | 13 |
| 4 | गमः | 27 |
| 5 | पार्थ | 18 |
| 6 | नैतत्त्वरुपपद्यते | 72 |

| | | |
|----|------------------|----|
| 7 | क्षुदं | 27 |
| 8 | हृदयदौर्बल्यं | 65 |
| 9 | त्यक्त्वोत्तिष्ठ | 46 |
| 10 | परन्तप | 29 |

Shaloka 4

| SN | Word | TCV |
|-----------|-----------------|------------|
| 1 | कथं | 19 |
| 2 | भीष्ममंह | 57 |
| 3 | संख्ये | 18 |
| 4 | द्रोणं | 31 |
| 5 | च | 3 |
| 6 | मधुसूदन | 45 |
| 7 | इषुभिः | 34 |
| 8 | प्रतियोत्स्यामि | 42 |
| 9 | पूजार्हावरिसूदन | 69 |

Shaloka 5

| SN | Word | TCV |
|-----------|-------------|------------|
| 1 | गुरुनहत्वा | 47 |
| 2 | थ | 11 |
| 3 | महानुभावान् | 59 |
| 4 | श्रेयो | 17 |
| 5 | भोक्तुं | 32 |
| 6 | भैक्ष्यमपीह | 54 |
| 7 | लेके | 19 |

| | | |
|----|-------------------|----|
| 8 | हत्वार्थकामांस्तु | 67 |
| 9 | गुरुनिहैव | 50 |
| 10 | भुजजीय | 27 |
| 11 | भोगान | 28 |
| 12 | रुधिरप्रदिग्धान् | 54 |

Shaloka 6

| SN | Word | TCV |
|----|------------------------|-----|
| 1 | न् | 9 |
| 2 | चैतद्विद्यः | 59 |
| 3 | क्तरत्रा | 34 |
| 4 | गरीयो | 19 |
| 5 | यदवा | 17 |
| 6 | जयेम | 22 |
| 7 | यदि | 10 |
| 8 | वा | 9 |
| 9 | नो | 15 |
| 10 | जयेयुः | 29 |
| 11 | यानेव | 25 |
| 12 | हत्वा | 23 |
| 13 | न | 9 |
| 14 | जिजीविषामसते ऽवस्थिताः | 41 |
| 15 | प्रमुखे | 52 |
| 16 | धार्तराष्ट्राः | 27 |

Shaloka 7

| SN | Word | TCV |
|----|------------------------|-----|
| 1 | कार्पण्यदोषोपहतस्वभावः | 110 |
| 2 | पृच्छामि | 27 |
| 3 | तवां | 22 |
| 4 | धर्मसमूढचेताः | 83 |
| 5 | यच्छरेयः | 29 |
| 6 | स्यान्निश्चितं | 44 |
| 7 | ब्रूहि | 25 |
| 8 | तन्मे | 28 |
| 9 | शिष्यस्तेऽहं | 44 |
| 10 | शाधि | 13 |
| 11 | मां | 20 |
| 12 | त्वां | 22 |
| 13 | प्रपन्नम् | 39 |

Shaloka 8

| SN | Word | TCV |
|----|--------------------------------|-----|
| 1 | न | 9 |
| 2 | हि | 11 |
| 3 | प्रपश्यामि | 29 |
| 4 | ममापनुद्याद् | 53 |
| 5 | यच्छोकमुच्छोषणमिन्द्रियाणाम् । | 104 |
| 6 | अवाप्य | 17 |
| 7 | भूमावसपत्नमृद्भं | 92 |
| 8 | राज्यं | 20 |
| 9 | सुराणामपि | 37 |
| 10 | चाधिपत्यम् | 34 |

Shaloka 9

| SN | Word | TCV |
|----|-----------------|-----|
| 1 | एवमुक्त्वा | 40 |
| 2 | हृषीकेशं | 42 |
| 3 | गुडाकेशः | 36 |
| 4 | परन्तपः | 29 |
| 5 | न योत्स्य इति | 9 |
| 6 | योत्स्य | 17 |
| 7 | इति | 8 |
| 8 | गोविन्दमुक्त्वा | 60 |
| 9 | तूष्णीं | 36 |
| 10 | बभूत | 30 |
| 11 | ह | 10 |

Shaloka 10

| SN | Word | TCV |
|----|-------------------|-----|
| 1 | तमुवाच | 29 |
| 2 | हृषीकेशः | 46 |
| 3 | प्रहसन्निव | 47 |
| 4 | भारत | 19 |
| 5 | सेनयोरुभयोर्मध्ये | 76 |
| 6 | विषीदन्तमिदं | 66 |
| 7 | वचः | 24 |

Shaloka 11

| SN | Word | TCV |
|----|----------------------|-----|
| 1 | अशोच्यानन्वशाचस्त्वं | 76 |

| | | |
|---|-----------------|----|
| 2 | प्रज्ञावादांश्च | 50 |
| 3 | भाषसे | 26 |
| 4 | गतासूनगतासूनश्च | 61 |
| 5 | नानुशोचन्ति | 47 |
| 6 | पण्डिताः | 39 |

| | | |
|---|-----------------------------------|-----|
| 2 | कौन्तेय | 31 |
| 3 | शीतोष्णसुखदुःखदाः | 86 |
| 4 | आगमापायिनोऽनित्यास्तास्तितिक्षस्व | 111 |
| 5 | भारत | 19 |

Shaloka 12

| SN | Word | TCV |
|----|-----------|-----|
| 1 | न | 9 |
| 2 | त्वेवाहं | 45 |
| 3 | जातु | 13 |
| 4 | नासं | 23 |
| 5 | न | 9 |
| 6 | तवं | 21 |
| 7 | नेमे | 29 |
| 8 | जनाधिपाः | 44 |
| 9 | न | 9 |
| 10 | चैव | 18 |
| 11 | न | 9 |
| 12 | भविष्यामः | 50 |
| 13 | सर्वे | 20 |
| 14 | वयमतः | 38 |
| 15 | परम् | 19 |

Shaloka 13

| SN | Word | TCV |
|----|-----------------------------|-----|
| 1 | देहिनोऽस्मिन् | 71 |
| 2 | यथा | 27 |
| 3 | देहे | 35 |
| 4 | कौमारं | 37 |
| 5 | यौवनं | 10 |
| 6 | जरा | 14 |
| 7 | तथा | 91 |
| 8 | देहान्तरप्राप्तिर्धीरस्तत्र | 9 |
| 9 | न | 29 |
| 10 | मुह्यति | 71 |

Shaloka 14

| SN | Word | TCV |
|----|-------------------|-----|
| 1 | मात्रास्पर्शास्तु | 44 |

Shaloka 15

| SN | Word | TCV |
|----|---------------|-----|
| 1 | यं | 11 |
| 2 | हि | 11 |
| 3 | न | 9 |
| 4 | व्यथयन्त्येते | 48 |
| 5 | पुरुषं | 30 |
| 6 | पुरुषर्षभ । | 40 |
| 7 | समदुःखसुखं | 57 |
| 8 | धीरं | 24 |
| 9 | सोऽमृतत्वाय | 43 |
| 10 | कलमते | 23 |

Shaloka 16

| SN | Word | TCV |
|----|------------------------------------|-----|
| 1 | नासतो विद्यते | 25 |
| 2 | विद्यते | 27 |
| 3 | भावो | 24 |
| 4 | नाभावो | 34 |
| 5 | विद्यते | 27 |
| 6 | सतः | 22 |
| 7 | उभयोरपि | 31 |
| 8 | दृष्टोऽन्तस्त्वनयोस्तत्त्वदर्शिभिः | 132 |

Shaloka 17

| SN | Word | TCV |
|----|-------------------|-----|
| 1 | अविनाशि | 24 |
| 2 | तु | 7 |
| 3 | तद् | 35 |
| 4 | विद्धि | 16 |
| 5 | येन | 42 |
| 6 | सर्वमिदं | 19 |
| 7 | ततम् | 54 |
| 8 | विनाशमव्ययस्यास्य | 9 |
| 9 | न | 53 |

| | | |
|----|-------------|----|
| 10 | कश्चित् | 24 |
| 11 | कर्तुमर्हति | 7 |

Shaloka 18

| SN | Word | TCV |
|----|-------------------|-----|
| 1 | अन्तवन्त | 35 |
| 2 | इमे | 17 |
| 3 | देहा | 23 |
| 4 | नित्यस्योक्ताः | 47 |
| 5 | शरीरिणः | 36 |
| 6 | अनाशिनोऽप्रमेयस्य | 59 |
| 7 | तस्माद् | 49 |
| 8 | युध्यस्व | 19 |
| 9 | भारत | 35 |

| | | |
|----|------------|----|
| 6 | नायं | 21 |
| 7 | भूत्वा | 27 |
| 8 | भविता | 24 |
| 9 | वा | 9 |
| 10 | न | 9 |
| 11 | भूयः | 29 |
| 12 | अजो | 12 |
| 13 | नित्यः | 29 |
| 14 | शाश्वतोऽयं | 36 |
| 15 | पुराणो | 27 |
| 16 | न | 9 |
| 17 | हन्यते | 30 |
| 18 | हन्यमाने | 45 |
| 19 | शरीरे ॥ | 19 |

Shaloka 19

| SN | Word | TCV |
|----|----------|-----|
| 1 | य | 2 |
| 2 | एनं | 24 |
| 3 | वेत्ति | 23 |
| 4 | हन्तारं | 37 |
| 5 | यश्चैनं | 32 |
| 6 | मन्यते | 30 |
| 7 | हतम् | 24 |
| 8 | उभौ | 21 |
| 9 | तौ | 14 |
| 10 | न | 9 |
| 11 | विजानीतो | 38 |
| 12 | नायं | 21 |
| 13 | हन्ति | 24 |
| 14 | न | 9 |
| 15 | हन्यते | 30 |

Shaloka 20

| SN | Word | TCV |
|----|---------|-----|
| 1 | न | 9 |
| 2 | जायते | 18 |
| 3 | म्रियते | 24 |
| 4 | वा | 9 |
| 5 | कदाचिन् | 22 |

Shaloka 21

| SN | Word | TCV |
|----|---------------|-----|
| 1 | वेदाविनाशिंन | 62 |
| 2 | नित्यं | 25 |
| 3 | य | 2 |
| 4 | एनमजमव्ययम् । | 60 |
| 5 | कथं | 19 |
| 6 | स | 4 |
| 7 | पुरुषः | 34 |
| 8 | पार्थ | 18 |
| 9 | कं | 11 |
| 10 | घातयति | 19 |
| 11 | हन्ति | 24 |
| 12 | कम | 11 |

Shaloka 22

| SN | Word | TCV |
|----|-------------|-----|
| 1 | वासांसि | 28 |
| 2 | जीणानि | 30 |
| 3 | यथा | 11 |
| 4 | विहाय | 22 |
| 5 | नवानि | 28 |
| 6 | गृण्हाति | 31 |
| 7 | नरोऽपराणि । | 39 |
| 8 | तथा | 14 |

| | | |
|----|-----------------|----|
| 9 | शरीराणि | 24 |
| 10 | विहाय | 22 |
| 11 | जिर्णन्य-न्यानि | 20 |
| 12 | संयाति | 31 |
| 13 | नवानि | 22 |
| 14 | देही | 28 |

Shaloka 23

| SN | Word | TCV |
|----|----------------|-----|
| 1 | नैनं | 34 |
| 2 | छिन्दन्ति | 34 |
| 3 | शस्त्राणि | 22 |
| 4 | नैनं | 34 |
| 5 | दहति | 23 |
| 6 | पावकः | 30 |
| 7 | न | 9 |
| 8 | चैनं | 28 |
| 9 | क्लेदयन्त्यापा | 48 |
| 10 | न | 9 |
| 11 | शोषयति | 24 |
| 12 | मारुतः | 35 |

Shaloka 24

| SN | Word | TCV |
|----|---|-----|
| 1 | अच्छेद्योऽयमदाह्योऽय मक्लेद्योऽशोष्य | 118 |
| 2 | एव | 14 |
| 3 | च | 3 |
| 4 | नित्यः | 29 |
| 5 | सर्वगतः | 37 |
| 6 | स्थानुरचलोऽयं | 52 |
| 7 | सनातनः | 41 |

Shaloka 25

| S N | Word | TC V |
|-----|--|---------|
| 1 | अव्यक्तोऽयमचिन्त्योऽयमविकार्योऽय यमुच्यते | 12 1 |
| 2 | तस्मादेवं | 48 |
| 3 | विदित्वैनं | 54 |
| 4 | नानुशोचितुमर्हसि । | 69 |

Shaloka 26

| SN | Word | TCV |
|----|----------------|-----|
| 1 | अथ | 9 |
| 2 | चैनं | 28 |
| 3 | नित्यजातं | 36 |
| 4 | नित्यं | 25 |
| 5 | वा | 9 |
| 6 | मन्यसे | 29 |
| 7 | मृतम् | 27 |
| 8 | तथापि | 21 |
| 9 | त्वं | 21 |
| 10 | महाबाहो | 46 |
| 11 | नैनं | 33 |
| 12 | शोचितुमर्हसि । | 48 |

Shaloka 27

| SN | Word | TCV |
|----|-------------------|-----|
| 1 | जातस्य | 16 |
| 2 | हि | 11 |
| 3 | ध्रुवो | 25 |
| 4 | मृत्युर्ध्रुवं | 52 |
| 5 | जन्म | 23 |
| 6 | मृतस्य | 23 |
| 7 | च | 3 |
| 8 | तस्मादपरिहार्योऽथ | 74 |
| 9 | न | 9 |
| 10 | त्वं | 21 |
| 11 | शोचितुमर्हसि | 48 |

Shaloka 28

| SN | Word | TCV |
|----|-------------------|-----|
| 1 | अव्यक्तादीनि | 37 |
| 2 | भूतानि | 30 |
| 3 | व्यक्तमध्यानि | 45 |
| 4 | भारत | 19 |
| 5 | अव्यक्तनिधनान्येव | 67 |
| 6 | तत्र | 11 |
| 7 | का | 3 |
| 8 | परिदेवना | 41 |

Shaloka 29

| SN | Word | TCV |
|-----------|--------------------|------------|
| 1 | आश्चर्यवत् | 40 |
| 2 | पश्यति | 29 |
| 3 | कश्चिदेनम् | 56 |
| 4 | आश्चर्यवद् | 28 |
| 5 | वदति | 27 |
| 6 | तथैव | 74 |
| 7 | चान्यः | 26 |
| 8 | आश्चर्यवच्चैनमन्यः | 49 |
| 9 | शृणोति | 20 |
| 10 | श्रुत्वाप्येन | 9 |
| 11 | वेद | 18 |
| 12 | न | 12 |
| 13 | चैव | 40 |
| 14 | कश्चित् | 29 |

Shaloka 30

| SN | Word | TCV |
|-----------|----------------|------------|
| 1 | देही | 25 |
| 2 | नित्यमवध्योऽयं | 60 |
| 3 | देहे | 27 |
| 4 | सर्वस्य | 20 |
| 5 | भारत | 19 |
| 6 | तस्मात् | 48 |
| 7 | सर्वाणि | 30 |
| 8 | भूतानि | 9 |
| 9 | न | 21 |
| 10 | त्वं | 48 |
| | शोचितुमर्हसि | 25 |

Shaloka 31

| SN | Word | TCV |
|-----------|----------------------|------------|
| 1 | स्वधर्ममपि | 49 |
| 2 | चावेक्ष्य | 26 |
| 3 | न | 9 |
| 4 | विकम्पितुमर्हसि | 62 |
| 5 | धर्म्याद्धि | 38 |
| 6 | युद्धाच्छ्रेयोऽन्यत् | 75 |
| 7 | क्षत्रियस्य | 9 |

| | | |
|---|---------|----|
| 8 | न | 27 |
| T | विद्यते | 49 |

Shaloka 32

| SN | Word | TCV |
|-----------|---------------------|------------|
| 1 | यदुच्छया | 21 |
| 2 | चोपपन्नं | 47 |
| 3 | स्वर्गद्वारमपावृतम् | 79 |
| 4 | सुखिनः | 32 |
| 5 | क्षत्रियाः | 31 |
| 6 | पार्थ | 18 |
| 7 | लभन्ते | 33 |
| 8 | युद्धमीदृशम् | 53 |

Shaloka 33

| SN | Word | TCV |
|-----------|-------------|------------|
| 1 | अथ | 9 |
| 2 | चेत्त्वमिमं | 54 |
| 3 | धर्म्य | 31 |
| 4 | संग्रामं | 34 |
| 5 | न | 9 |
| 6 | करिष्यसि | 20 |
| 7 | ततः | 23 |
| 8 | स्वधर्म | 41 |
| 9 | कीर्ति | 23 |
| 10 | च | 3 |
| 11 | हित्वा | 24 |
| 12 | पापमवाप्यसि | 47 |

Shaloka 34

| SN | Word | TCV |
|-----------|--------------------------|------------|
| 1 | अकीर्ति | 24 |
| 2 | चापि | 11 |
| 3 | भूतानि | 30 |
| 4 | कथयिष्यन्ति | 35 |
| 5 | तेऽव्याम् । | 31 |
| 6 | सम्भावितस्य | 42 |
| 7 | चाकीर्तिर्मरणादतिरिच्यते | 76 |

Shaloka 35

| SN | Word | TCV |
|-----------|-------------|------------|
| 1 | भयाद् | 62 |
| 2 | रणादुपरतं | 42 |
| 3 | मंस्यन्ते | 22 |
| 4 | त्वां | 47 |
| 5 | महारथाः | 24 |
| 6 | येषां | 3 |
| 7 | च | 21 |
| 8 | त्वं | 41 |
| 9 | बहुमतो | 27 |
| 10 | भूत्वा | 13 |
| 11 | यास्यसि | 29 |
| | लाघवम् । | 62 |

| | | |
|----|------------|----|
| 11 | युद्धाय | 21 |
| 12 | कृतनिश्चयः | 40 |

Shaloka 38

| SN | Word | TCV |
|-----------|-------------|------------|
| 1 | सुखदुःखे | 39 |
| 2 | समे | 19 |
| 3 | कृत्वा | 18 |
| 4 | लाभालाभौ | 42 |
| 5 | जयाजयौ । | 24 |
| 6 | ततो | 16 |
| 7 | युद्धाय | 21 |
| 8 | युज्यस्व | 21 |
| 9 | नैवं | 33 |
| 10 | पापमवाप्यसि | 47 |

Shaloka 36

| SN | Word | TCV |
|-----------|----------------|------------|
| 1 | अवाच्यवादांश्च | 45 |
| 2 | बहून् | 69 |
| 3 | वदिष्यन्ति | 44 |
| 4 | तवाहिताः | 54 |
| 5 | निन्दन्तस्तव | 36 |
| 6 | सामर्थ्य | 16 |
| 7 | ततो | 43 |
| 8 | दुःखतरं | 11 |
| 9 | नु | 12 |
| T | किम् | 45 |

Shaloka 39

| SN | Word | TCV |
|-----------|--------------|------------|
| 1 | एषातेऽभिहिता | 14 |
| 2 | सांख्ये | 37 |
| 3 | बुद्धियोगे | 19 |
| 4 | त्विमां | 45 |
| 5 | शृणु | 33 |
| 6 | बुद्ध्या | 16 |
| 7 | युक्तो | 26 |
| 8 | यया | 16 |
| 9 | पार्थ | 5 |
| 10 | कर्मबन्धं | 18 |
| 11 | प्रहास्यसि | 48 |
| T | | |

Shaloka 37

| SN | Word | TCV |
|-----------|----------------|------------|
| 1 | हतो | 21 |
| 2 | वा | 9 |
| 3 | प्राप्यसि | 23 |
| 4 | स्वर्ग | 27 |
| 5 | जित्वा | 19 |
| 6 | वा | 9 |
| 7 | भोक्ष्यसे | 33 |
| 8 | महीम् । | 32 |
| 9 | तस्मादुत्तिष्ठ | 49 |
| 10 | कौन्तेय | 31 |

Shaloka 40

| SN | Word | TCV |
|-----------|---------------------|------------|
| 1 | नेहाभिक्रमनाशोऽस्ति | 76 |
| 2 | प्रत्यवायो | 30 |
| 3 | न | 9 |
| 4 | विद्यते | 27 |
| 5 | स्वत्पमाप्यस्य | 44 |
| 6 | धर्मस्य | 26 |
| 7 | त्रायते | 19 |

| | | |
|---|-------|----|
| 8 | म्हतो | 31 |
| 9 | भयात् | 16 |

Shaloka 41

| SN | Word | TCV |
|----|-----------------------|-----|
| 1 | व्यवसायात्मिका | 43 |
| 2 | बुद्धिरेकेह | 51 |
| 3 | कुरुनन्दनं । | 43 |
| 4 | बहुशाखा | 28 |
| 5 | स्यनन्ताश्च | 39 |
| 6 | बुद्ध्योऽव्यवसायिनाम् | 76 |

Shaloka 42

| SN | Word | TCV |
|----|---------------------|-----|
| 1 | यामिमां | 34 |
| 2 | पुष्पितां | 36 |
| 3 | वाचं | 21 |
| 4 | प्रवदन्त्यविपश्चितः | 75 |
| 5 | वेदवादरताः | 59 |
| 6 | पार्थ | 18 |
| 7 | नान्यदस्तीति | 44 |
| 8 | वादिनः | 39 |

Shaloka 43

| SN | Word | TCV |
|----|-------------------|-----|
| 1 | कामात्मानः | 51 |
| 2 | स्वर्गपरा | 29 |
| 3 | जन्मकर्मफलप्रदाम् | 75 |
| 4 | क्रियाविशेषबहुतां | 67 |
| 5 | भागैश्वर्यगति | 60 |
| 6 | प्रति | 13 |
| T | | |

Shaloka 44

| SN | Word | TCV |
|----|-----------------------|-----|
| 1 | भोगैश्वर्यप्रसक्तानां | 78 |
| 2 | तयापहृतचेतसाम् । | 59 |
| 3 | व्यवसायात्मिका | 43 |
| 4 | बुद्धिः | 38 |
| 5 | समाधौ | 32 |

| | | |
|---|-----------|----|
| 6 | न | 9 |
| 7 | विधीयते । | 32 |

Shaloka 45

| SN | Word | TCV |
|----|----------------------|-----|
| 1 | त्रैगुण्यविषया | 47 |
| 2 | वेदा | 21 |
| 3 | निस्त्रैगुण्यो | 47 |
| 4 | भवार्जुन | 37 |
| 5 | निर्द्वन्द्वो | 55 |
| 6 | नित्यसत्त्वस्थो | 53 |
| 7 | निर्योगक्षेमात्मवान् | 48 |

Shaloka 46

| SN | Word | TCV |
|----|----------------|-----|
| 1 | यावानर्थ | 32 |
| 2 | उदपाने | 31 |
| 3 | सर्वतः | 33 |
| 4 | सम्प्लुतोदके । | 51 |
| 5 | तावान् | 52 |
| 6 | सर्वेषु | 34 |
| 7 | वेदेषु | 42 |
| 8 | ब्राह्मणस्य | 42 |
| 9 | विजानतः | 32 |

Shaloka 47

| SN | Word | TCV |
|----|---------------------|-----|
| 1 | कर्मण्येवाधिकारस्ते | 67 |
| 2 | मा | 11 |
| 3 | फलेषु | 27 |
| 4 | कदाचन | 22 |
| 5 | मा | 11 |
| 6 | कर्मफलहेतुर्भूर् | 81 |
| 7 | मा | 10 |
| 8 | ते | 58 |
| 9 | संगोऽस्त्वकर्माणि | 67 |

Shaloka 48

| SN | Word | TCV |
|----|---------|-----|
| 1 | योगस्थः | 36 |

| | | |
|----|----------------|----|
| 2 | कुरु | 10 |
| 3 | कर्माणि | 25 |
| 4 | संगं | 22 |
| 5 | त्यक्तवा | 20 |
| 6 | धनञजय | 30 |
| 7 | सिद्ध्यसिद्धोः | 59 |
| 8 | समो | 20 |
| 9 | भूत्वा | 27 |
| 10 | समत्वं | 35 |
| 11 | योग | 12 |
| 12 | उच्यते | 17 |

Shaloka 49

| SN | Word | TCV |
|----|-------------------|-----|
| 1 | दूरेण | 29 |
| 2 | ह्यवरं | 32 |
| 3 | कर्म | 15 |
| 4 | बुद्धियोगाद्धनञजय | 74 |
| 5 | बुद्धौ | 33 |
| 6 | शरणमन्विच्छ | 48 |
| 7 | कृपणाः | 33 |
| 8 | फलहेतवः | 54 |

Shaloka 50

| SN | Word | TCV |
|----|---------------|-----|
| 1 | बुद्धियुक्तो | 41 |
| 2 | जहातीह | 34 |
| 3 | उभे | 17 |
| 4 | सुकृतदुष्कृते | 46 |
| 5 | तस्माद् | 40 |
| 6 | योगाय | 21 |
| 7 | युज्यस्व | 25 |
| 8 | योगः | 21 |
| 9 | कर्मसु | 29 |
| 10 | कौशलम् | 41 |

Shaloka 51

| SN | Word | TCV |
|----|--------------|-----|
| 1 | कर्मजं | 29 |
| 2 | बुद्धियुक्ता | 36 |

| | | |
|---|---------------------|-----|
| 3 | हि | 11 |
| 4 | फलं | 22 |
| 5 | त्यक्तवा | 20 |
| 6 | मनीषिणः | 51 |
| 7 | जन्मबन्धविनिरुक्ताः | 101 |
| 8 | पदं | 22 |
| 9 | गच्छन्त्यनामयम् ॥ | 55 |

Shaloka 52

| SN | Word | TCV |
|----|-------------------------|-----|
| 1 | यदा | 10 |
| 2 | ते | 10 |
| 3 | मोहकलिलं | 50 |
| 4 | बुद्धिर्व्यतितरिष्यति । | 67 |
| 5 | तदा | 13 |
| 6 | गन्तासि | 23 |
| 7 | निर्वेदं | 42 |
| 8 | श्रोतव्यस्य | 29 |
| 9 | श्रुतस्य | 16 |
| 10 | च | 3 |

Shaloka 53

| SN | Word | TCV |
|----|--------------------|-----|
| 1 | श्रुतिविप्रतिपत्रा | 58 |
| 2 | ते | 10 |
| 3 | यदा | 10 |
| 4 | स्थास्यति | 23 |
| 5 | निश्चला | 22 |
| 6 | स्माधावचला | 42 |
| 7 | बुद्धिस्तदा | 41 |
| 8 | योगमवाप्स्यसि | 46 |
| 9 | | |
| T | | |

Shaloka 54

| SN | Word | TCV |
|----|----------------|-----|
| 1 | स्थितप्रज्ञस्य | 40 |
| 2 | का | 3 |
| 3 | भाषा | 18 |
| 4 | समाधिस्थस्य | 40 |

| | | |
|----|----------|----|
| 5 | केशव | 18 |
| 6 | स्थितधीः | 41 |
| 7 | कि | 12 |
| 8 | प्रभाषेत | 34 |
| 9 | किमासीत | 26 |
| 10 | ब्रजेत | 24 |
| 11 | किम् | 12 |

Shaloka 55

| SN | Word | TCV |
|----|-----------------------|-----|
| 1 | प्रजहाति | 29 |
| 2 | यदा | 10 |
| 3 | कामान् | 64 |
| 4 | सर्वान् | 43 |
| 5 | पार्थ | 64 |
| 6 | मनोगतान् | 30 |
| 7 | दात्मन्येवात्मना | 70 |
| 8 | तुष्टः | |
| 9 | स्थितप्रज्ञस्तदोच्यते | |

Shaloka 56

| SN | Word | TCV |
|----|-----------------------|-----|
| 1 | दुःखेष्वनुद्विग्नमनाः | 115 |
| 2 | सुखेषु | 23 |
| 3 | विगतस्पृहः | 53 |
| 4 | वीतरागभयक्रोधः | 66 |
| 5 | स्थितधीर्मुनिरुच्यते | 73 |

Shaloka 57

| SN | Word | TCV |
|----|---------------------------------|-----|
| 1 | यः | 15 |
| 2 | सर्वत्रानभिस्नेहस्तत्तत्प्राप्य | 104 |
| 3 | शुभाशुभम् । | 38 |
| 4 | नाभिनन्दति | 50 |
| 5 | न | 9 |
| 6 | द्वेष्टि | 30 |
| 7 | तस्य | 10 |
| 8 | प्रज्ञा | 19 |
| 9 | प्रतिष्ठिता | 31 |

Shaloka 58

| SN | Word | TCV |
|----|----------------------------------|-----|
| 1 | यदा | 10 |
| 2 | संहरते | 37 |
| 3 | चायं | 15 |
| 4 | कूर्मोऽगानीव | 56 |
| 5 | सर्वशः | 31 |
| 6 | इन्द्रियाणीन्द्रियार्थेभ्यस्तस्य | 92 |
| 7 | प्रज्ञा | 19 |
| 8 | प्रतिष्ठिता | 31 |

Shaloka 59

| SN | Word | TCV |
|----|--------------|-----|
| 1 | विषया | 19 |
| 2 | विनिवर्तन्ते | 53 |
| 3 | निराहारस्य | 35 |
| 4 | देहिनः । | 45 |
| 5 | रसवर्ज | 33 |
| 6 | रसोऽप्यस्य | 26 |
| 7 | परं | 19 |
| 8 | दृष्टा | 28 |
| 9 | निवर्तते | 36 |

Shaloka 60

| SN | Word | TCV |
|----|-------------|-----|
| 1 | यततो | 18 |
| 2 | ह्यपि | 18 |
| 3 | कौन्तेय | 31 |
| 4 | पुरुषस्य | 26 |
| 5 | विपश्चितः | 39 |
| 6 | इन्द्रियाणि | 31 |
| 7 | प्रमाथीनि | 39 |
| 8 | हरन्ति | 28 |
| 9 | प्रसभं | 29 |
| 10 | मनः | 32 |

Shaloka 61

| SN | Word | TCV |
|----|---------|-----|
| 1 | तानि | 16 |
| 2 | सर्वाणि | 25 |

| | | |
|----|-----------------|----|
| 3 | संयम्य | 26 |
| 4 | युक्त | 10 |
| 5 | आसीत | 14 |
| 6 | मत्परः | 37 |
| 7 | वशे | 16 |
| 8 | हि | 11 |
| 9 | यस्येन्द्रियाणि | 41 |
| 10 | तस्य | 10 |
| 11 | प्रज्ञा | 19 |
| 12 | प्रतिष्ठिता | 31 |

Shaloka 65

| SN | Word | TCV |
|----|-------------------|-----|
| 1 | प्रसादे | 24 |
| 2 | सर्वदःखानां | 60 |
| 3 | हानिरस्योपजायते । | 60 |
| 4 | प्रसन्नचेतसो | 51 |
| 5 | ह्याशु | 17 |
| 6 | बुद्धिः | 38 |
| 7 | पर्यवतिष्ठते | 46 |

Shaloka 66

| SN | Word | TCV |
|----|-----------------|-----|
| 1 | नास्ति | 19 |
| 2 | बुद्धिरयुक्तस्य | 44 |
| 3 | न | 9 |
| 4 | चायुक्तस्य | 19 |
| 5 | भावना | 28 |
| 6 | न | 9 |
| 7 | चाभावयतः | 42 |
| 8 | शान्तिरशान्तस्य | 44 |
| 9 | कुतः | 22 |
| 10 | सुखम् | 18 |

Shaloka 62

| SN | Word | TCV |
|----|--------------------------|-----|
| 1 | ध्यायतो | 23 |
| 2 | विषयान् | 61 |
| 3 | पुंसः | 62 |
| 4 | संगस्तेषूपजायते । | 46 |
| 5 | संगात्सज्जायते | 26 |
| 6 | कामः | 69 |
| 7 | कामाक्लोधोऽभिजायते ६ २ । | |

Shaloka 63

| SN | Word | TCV |
|----|-----------------------|-----|
| 1 | क्रोधाद् | 47 |
| 2 | भवति | 52 |
| 3 | सम्मोहः | 108 |
| 4 | म्मोहात्स्मृतिविभ्रमः | 51 |
| 5 | स्मृतिभ्रंशाद् | 44 |
| 6 | बुद्धिनाशो | 68 |
| 7 | बुद्धिनाशात्प्रणश्यति | 47 |

Shaloka 64

| SN | Word | TCV |
|----|-----------------------|-----|
| 1 | रागद्वेषविमुक्तैस्तु | 79 |
| 2 | विषयानिन्द्रियैश्चरन् | 72 |
| 3 | आत्मवश्यैर्विधेयात्मा | 127 |
| 4 | प्रसादमधिगच्छति | 54 |

Shaloka 67

| SN | Word | TCV |
|----|------------------|-----|
| 1 | इन्द्रियाणां | 40 |
| 2 | हि | 11 |
| 3 | चरतां | 22 |
| 4 | यन्मनोऽनुविधीयते | 78 |
| 5 | तदस्य | 17 |
| 6 | हरति | 20 |
| 7 | प्रज्ञां | 28 |
| 8 | वायुनविमिवाम्भसि | 77 |

Shaloka 68

| SN | Word | TCV |
|----|------------|-----|
| 1 | तस्माद् | 32 |
| 2 | यस्य | 46 |
| 3 | महाबाहो | 46 |
| 4 | निगृहीतानि | 31 |

| | | |
|---|----------------------------------|----|
| 5 | सर्वशः | 92 |
| 6 | इन्द्रियाणीन्द्रियार्थेभ्यस्तस्य | 19 |
| 7 | प्रज्ञा | 31 |
| T | प्रतिष्ठिता | 32 |

Shaloka 69

| SN | Word | TCV |
|----|-------------|-----|
| 1 | या | 3 |
| 2 | निशा | 14 |
| 3 | सर्वभूतानां | 54 |
| 4 | तस्यां | 20 |
| 5 | जागर्ति | 19 |
| 6 | संयमी । | 28 |
| 7 | यस्यां | 17 |
| 8 | जाग्रति | 17 |
| 9 | भूतानि | 30 |
| 10 | सा | 5 |
| 11 | निशा | 14 |
| 12 | पश्यतो | 21 |
| 13 | मुनेः | 39 |

Shaloka 70

| SN | Word | TCV |
|----|-----------------------|-----|
| 1 | आपूर्यमाणमचलप्रतिष्ठं | 89 |
| 2 | समुद्रमापः | 54 |
| 3 | प्रविशन्ति | 33 |
| 4 | यद्धत् | 20 |
| 5 | तद्धत् | 37 |
| 6 | कामा | 11 |
| 7 | यं | 33 |
| 8 | प्रविशन्ति | 20 |
| 9 | सर्वे | 4 |
| 10 | स | 55 |
| 11 | शान्तिमाज्जोति | 9 |
| 12 | न | 29 |

| | | |
|----|---------|----|
| 13 | कामकामी | 89 |
|----|---------|----|

Shaloka 71

| N | Word | TCV |
|----|-----------------|-----|
| 1 | विहाय | 22 |
| 2 | कामान् | 37 |
| 3 | य | 67 |
| 4 | सर्वान् | 58 |
| 5 | पुमांश्चरति | 39 |
| 6 | निःस्पृहः | 49 |
| 7 | निर्ममो | 4 |
| 8 | निरहंकारः | 53 |
| 9 | स | 22 |
| 10 | शान्तिमधिगच्छति | 37 |

Shaloka 72

| SN | Word | TCV |
|----|--------------------------|-----|
| 1 | एषा | 14 |
| 2 | ब्रात्मी | 32 |
| 3 | स्थितिः | 31 |
| 4 | पार्थ | 18 |
| 5 | नैनां | 35 |
| 6 | प्राप्य | 15 |
| 7 | विमुह्यति । | 38 |
| 8 | स्थित्वास्यामन्तकाले ऽपि | 75 |
| 9 | ब्रह्मनिर्वाणमृच्छति | 83 |

Conclusion

Sathapatya of Sankhiya Yoga of Geeta Chapter 2 is blissful core of Geeta Sathapatya.

February 18, 2024